(b) 2,984 persons including children died during the period from 30th April, 1986 to 25th July, 1988.

(c) According to the State Government, the deaths, as ascertained by a team of medical experts, were due to various diseases such as diarrohea respiratory tract infection, broncho-pneumonia, worm infection etc. Further, habits of the tribal refugees, such as using local water resources from rivulets instead of using tubewells provided in the camps and non-utilisation of dugwell latrines by the children have contributed to environmental polluton and contaminated sanitation. The State Government have taken all possible measures to render medical aid to the camp inmates including supply of nutritional food for the children and to keep watch over the environmental sanitation in the camps.

Pak intruders killed/arrested by BSF

*197. SHRI PAWAN KUMAR BANSAL: Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) what is the number of Pakistani intruders killtd/arrested by the BSF while trying to enter into India since 1st January, 1988;

(b) how many of them were found to have links with the terrorists in Punjab; and

(c) whether any terrorists have subsequently been arrested on the basis of information received from the arrested Pak intruders?

THE MINISTER OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI BUTA SINGH): (a) A statement containing information in respect of Indo-Pakistan border for the period from January to June 1988 is laid on the Table of the House. (*See* below).

(b) and (c) Information is being collected and will be laid on the Table of the House.

Statement

Number of infiltrators apprehended and killed on Indo-Pakistan border during the period from 1st January 1988 to 30th June, 1988.

Sector of the Border	Apprehended at the border	Pushed back	Handed over to State Police	Number of persons killed in the border
1. Jammu & Kashmir	73	29	44	23
2. Punjab	938	811	127	143
3. Rajasthan	683	597	86	85
4. Gujarat	10	—	10	1

NOTE: Guarding of international border is the responsibility of the Central Government. Accordingly, the BSF is guarding the Indo-Pakistan border. The BSF apprehends persons who try to cross the border clandestinely. Out of those apprehended, persons who are suspected of indulging in smuggling, cattle-lifting, spying, etc. are handed over to the State Police authorities concerned and the remaining are pushed back. It is for the State authorities concerned to whom the BSF hands over the persons apprehended, to investigate, establish the identity and nationality of the infiltrators, wherever feasible, prosecute and take necessary action under the law and finally to deport them after their sentences of imprisonment are over. This is a continuing and time-consuming process It is therefore not possible to say how many out of them were Pak nationals.